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NECTURUS BEYERI (Gulf Coast Waterdog). USA: TEXAS: SAN JACINTO Co.: ca. 9 air km W of Shepherd, in Big Creek 2.8 km S of SH 150 on 217 (30.506447°N, 95.088408°W; WGS 84). 27 December 2009. John T. Williams, Brandon C. Bowers, Scott A. Wahlberg, Matthijs Hollanders. Verified by Toby J. Hibbitts. Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collections, TCWC 94289–24290. New county record (Dixon 2000. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas*, 2nd ed. University of Texas A&M Press, College Station. viii + 421 pp.).

LIBERTY Co.: in Menard Creek ca. 1 km N of FM 787 on County Road 2650 (30.455858°N, 94.738247°W; WGS 84). 11 December 2010. Brandon C. Bowers, John T. Williams, Scott A. Wahlberg, Matthijs Hollanders. Verified by Toby J. Hibbitts. TCWC 95131–95132. New county record (Dixon 2000, *op. cit.*). Menard Creek also flows through Hardin Co., where *N. beyeri* has been vouchered.

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NECTURUS MACULOSUS (Mudpuppy). USA: TENNESSEE: WAYNE Co.: Fortyeight Creek, 107 m upstream from US Highway 64, just above the Old Highway 64 Bridge. Accessed from Fortyeight Creek Rd. (35.341944°N, 87.660556°W, NAD 27). 4 April 2011. Michael C. Fulbright and Matthew D. Wagner. Austin Peay State University Museum of Zoology, APSU 19120. Verified by A. Floyd Scott. One adult caught via electrofishing. New county record (Redmond and Scott 1996. *Atlas of Amphibians in Tennessee*. Misc. Publ. No. 12, The Center for Field Biology, Austin Peay State University, Clarksville, Tennessee. 94 pp. [Hard copy and Internet versions, the latter of which includes links to information on Tennessee amphibians having appeared since 1996, <http://www.apsu.edu/amatlas/>, accessed 28 September 2011]).

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NOTOPHTHALMUS VIRIDESCENS (Eastern Newt). USA: ILLINOIS: KANE Co.: Bliss Woods Forest Preserve (41.788133°N, 88.4388°W; WGS 84; elev. 219 m). 1 April 2010. K. Huschart and C. Milne-Zelman. Verified by Chris Phillips. Illinois Natural History Museum (INHS 21683). New county record (Phillips et al. 1999. *Field Guide to Amphibians and Reptiles of Illinois*. Illinois Natural History Survey Manual. 285 pp.). Scientific Research Permit issued to C. Milne-Zelman by Forest Preserve District of Kane County.

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ANURA — FROGS

ACRIS CREPITANS (Northern Cricket Frog) USA: ALABAMA: CRENSHAW Co.: Blue Creek, N of Crenshaw County Rd. 30, 500 m W of Petrey (31.84672°N W 86.21233°W; WGS 84). 29 May 2011. S. Graham. Verified by John Jensen. AUM AHAP-D 307 (digital audio file). New county record (Mount 1975. *The Reptiles and Amphibians of Alabama*. Auburn Printing Co., Auburn. 347 pp.). Chorus of males recorded calling in swamp.

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ANAXYRUS AMERICANUS (American Toad). USA: INDIANA: CARROLL Co.: Lake Freeman (40.709353°N, 86.754642°W; WGS 84). 14 April 2008. Todd Pierson. Verified by Elizabeth McGhee. Georgia Museum of Natural History (GMNH 50151 photo voucher). New county record (Minton 2001. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Indiana*, 2nd ed. Indiana Academy of Science, Indianapolis. xiv + 404 pp.).

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ANAXYRUS AMERICANUS (American Toad). USA: TENNESSEE: JEFFERSON Co.: ~13 km W of Jefferson City (36.08435°N, 83.62905°W; WGS 84). 14 May 2009. Ted M. Faust and Mark Mayfield. Verified by Floyd A. Scott. Austin Peay State University Museum of Zoology (APSU 19083 [color photo]). New county record (Redmond and Scott 1996. *Atlas of Amphibians in Tennessee*. Misc. Publ. No. 12, The Center for Field Biology, Austin Peay State University, Clarksville, Tennessee. 94 pp. Hard copy and Internet versions, the latter [<http://www.apsu.edu/amatlas/> accessed 31 December 2011] including links to data on amphibians in Tennessee that have appeared since 1996). An individual was found crossing Beaver Creek Road at 2240 h during a downpour.

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ANAXYRUS FOWLERI (Fowler's Toad). USA: INDIANA: BOONE Co.: Starkey Park (39.951389°N, 86.322500°W; WGS 84). 14 June 2010. Todd Pierson. Verified by Elizabeth McGhee. Georgia Museum of Natural History (GMNH 50148 photo voucher). New county record (Minton 2001. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Indiana*, 2nd ed. Indiana Academy of Science, Indianapolis. xiv + 404 pp.).

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CERATOPHRYS JOAZEIRENSIS (Caatinga Horned Frog). BRAZIL: RIO GRANDE DO NORTE: MUNICIPALITY OF SANTA MARIA: 5.854°S, 35.701°W (datum WGS84, 137 m elev.). 10 April 2010. J. S. Jorge. Coleção Herpetológica da Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte, Natal Rio Grande do Norte, Brazil (CHBEZ 3633, female 7.55 cm SVL; and 3776, male 9.35 cm SVL). Verified by U. Caramaschi. This species was previously known for the states of Bahia, municipality of Juazeiro (type locality; Mercadal 1986. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 7[4]:313–334), Paraíba and Rio Grande do Norte (Vieira et al. 2006. Check List 2[2]:28–29), and Pernambuco (Moura et al. 2011. *In* Moura [org.], *Herpetologia no Estado de Pernambuco*, pp. 51–85. Ministerio do Meio Ambiente, Brasília). Second record for the state of Rio Grande do Norte, extending the distribution of the species ca. 110 km NW from municipality of Passa e Fica, Rio Grande do Norte state, Brazil (Vieira et al., *op. cit.*). This is the first record for the Agreste region, a transitional area between the Caatinga and Atlantic rainforest ecosystems.

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CRAUGASTOR OCCIDENTALIS (Taylor's Barking Frog). MÉXICO: ZACATECAS: MUNICIPALITY OF JUCHIPILA: Sierra Morones, 7.74 km WSW of Juchipila (21.39961°N, 103.18785°W; WGS84), 1847 m elev. 13 September 2009. Zaira Yaneth González-Saucedo, Rubén Alonso Carbajal-Márquez, José Carlos Arenas-Monroy, and José Jesús Sigala-Rodríguez. Verified by Lee Grismer. LSUHDCPC 6125 photo voucher. First municipality record, second record for Zacatecas, extending the known distributional range of the species ca. 49 km (airline) ESE from the type locality, La Hacienda, Municipality of Florencia de Benito Juárez, Zacatecas (Taylor 1941. Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington 54:87–94). The frog was found on ground leaf litter in the ecotone between tropical deciduous forest and oak forest.

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ELEUTHERODACTYLUS CYSTIGNATHOIDES (Rio Grande Chirping Frog). MÉXICO: HIDALGO: MUNICIPALITY OF TECOZAUTLA: 1.62 km E La Paila (20.56925°N, 99.5843333°W; WGS84), 1724 m. elev. 31 May 2009. Víctor Vite Silva. Verified by Jesús M. Castillo. Colección Herpetológica, Centro de Investigaciones Biológicas, Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo (CIB-UAEH 2109). First municipality record, extending the range in the state ca. 31.76 km E from its closest reported locality at Arbolado, Municipality of Tasquillo on a nut farm (Morales 2010. Herpetofauna de Dos Ambientes Contrastantes del Municipio de Tasquillo. Tesis, Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo. Mineral de la Reforma. 84 pp.). It is also the first record in Hidalgo from xerophytic scrub vegetation, as the species has previously been reported only from cloud forest (Canseco-Márquez et al. 2004. *In* Luna et al. [eds.], Biodiversidad de la Sierra Madre Oriental, pp. 417–437. Las Prensas de Ciencias, México, D.F.).

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ELEUTHERODACTYLUS NITIDUS (Shiny Peeping Frog). MÉXICO: HIDALGO: MUNICIPALITY OF TECOZAUTLA: 1.31 km E La Paila (20.56652778°N, 99.61519444°W; WGS84), 1665 m. elev. 29 May 2009. Adriana López Mejía. Verified by Jesús M. Castillo. Colección Herpetológica, Centro de Investigaciones Biológicas, Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo (CIB-UAEH 2116). First municipality record, extending the range in the state ca. 98.34 km SW from its closest reported locality in Acayuca, Municipality of Molango (Ramírez-Bautista et al. 2010. Lista Anotada de los Anfibios y Reptiles del Estado de Hidalgo, México. Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo, CONABIO. x +

104 pp.) The frog was found in xerophytic scrub, but the only previous record of this species in Hidalgo was in cloud forest (Ramírez-Bautista et al. 2010, *op. cit.*) Fieldwork was funded by CONACyT- 95828 and CONABIO GT002.

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ELEUTHERODACTYLUS PLANIROSTRIS (Greenhouse Frog). USA: FLORIDA: DESOTO Co.: Arcadia, Dee Oaks Nursery, 150 m S of Owens School Rd. and 250 m W of County Rd. 661 (27.17896°N, 81.93542°W; WGS84). 19 July 2010. C. Thawley. UAHC 16425. Verified by Leslie J. Rissler. New county records (Krysko et al. 2011. Atlas of Amphibians and Reptiles in Florida. Final Report, Project Agreement 08013, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Tallahassee. 524 pp.). This introduced species has now been reported from approximately two-thirds of counties from peninsular Florida, suggesting that it is likely distributed across the entire peninsula.

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FEJERVARYA NEPALENSIS (Nepal Cricket Frog). INDIA: UT-TARAKHAND: Haridwar, Jhilmil Jheel Conservation Area (29.80556°N, 78.2277°E, WGS 84; 245.97 m elev.; 29.8722°N, 78.1882°E; WGS 84; 273.40 m elev.). J. P. Sati. 10 March 2011 (ZSI NRC 861). HARYANA: Yamuna Nagar, Kalesar National Park & Wildlife Sanctuary (30.3467°N, 77.5167°E; WGS 84; 332.237 m elev.). S. J. S. Hattar. 15 July 2007 (ZSI NRC 775). All verified by Karan Shah. First records for Uttarakhand and Haryana states. Previously known from Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, and Nagaland (Ao et al. 2003. Zoo Print J. 18:1117–1125; Mathew and Sen 2010. Pictorial Guide to Amphibians of North East India. Zoological Survey of India, Kolkata. xii + 144 pp.); and central and eastern midlands of Nepal (Anders 2002. *In* Schleich and Kastle [eds.], Amphibians & Reptiles of Nepal. Biology, Systematics, Field Guide, pp. 133–348. ARG Gantner Verlag K.G., Ruggell).

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HOPLOBATRACHUS CRASSUS (Jerdon's Bullfrog). BANGLADESH: NILPHAMARI DISTRICT: Koya Golahut, Saidpur (25.801969°N, 88.900531°E; WGS 84; 41.15 m elev.). 27 August 2011. Md. Abdur Razzaque Sarker. Verified by Ghazi S. M. Asmat. Museum of Herpetology Laboratory, Ichamati College, Dinajpur, Bangladesh (MHLB-HC01). First record from Nilphamari District, northern Bangladesh; previously recorded from Chittagong (Asmat et al. 2003. Univ. Rajshahi J. Zool. 22:141–143). Near Saidpur Bypass Road > 2 km N from Saidpur and > 17 km S from Nilphamari. Adults collected beside paddy field. Habitat includes *Cynodon dactylon* and *Bambusa arundinacea* plantations.

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